U.G. 3rd Semester Examination-2022 CHEMISTRY [HONOURS]

Course Code: CHEM-H-CC-T-6

Full Marks: 40

Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- a) Explain with an example the nonstoichiometric defects.
- What is 'Madelung constant'?
- c) Calculate the limiting radius ratio of a planar lattice.
- What is Born-Haber cycle?
- e) Give example of the type of compounds where 3c-4e H-bond may form. Give the orbital overlap diagram.
- Define with an example the non-equivalent hybridization.
- What is an intrinsic semiconductor? Give an example.

[Turn over]

- What is thermite mixture?
 - i) What will happen when rutile is heated with carbon and chlorine at 900°C?
- 2. Answer any two questions: $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - a) i) Give a flow chart diagram of the extraction of platinum from the anode slime of nickel extraction.
 - ii) How do you purify impure nickel? 3+2
 - b) i) Construct the Qualitative MO energy level and interaction diagram of CO molecule.
 - ii) Compare the bond orders and spin multiplicities of CO and NO, NO- and NO+.
 - Compare and contrast between Schottky and Frenkel defect.
 - ii) Predict the geometry of [TeF₅]. 3+2
 - d) i) In liquid and gas phases, all P-F lengths of PF₅ are same, while in crystals they are different.— Explain.
 - ii) Analyse the trend of the thermal stabilities of BeCO₃, CaCO₃, SrCO₃ and BaCO₃.

- a) i) What is Kapustinski expression of lattice energy? Discuss the importance of it.
 - ii) Predict the geometries of SF₄ and OSF₄. Explain.
 - structure in spite of a radius ratio is greater than 0.732? Given $r(K^+)$ in C.N.6 = 1.38 Å in C.N.8 =1.51 Å, $r(Cl^-)=1.81$ Å. Madelung constant for NaCl and CsCl structures are 1.748 and 1.763 respectively.
- b) © Construct the MO diagram of the H₂O molecule. Calculate the bond order.
 - (ii) What is band theory? Explain with an example.
 - (iii) Analyse the formation of n-type semiconductor. 4+3+3
- c) j) Calculate the dipole moment of CH₃OH using law of parallelogram, where O-H and O-Me bond moments respectively are 1.53 and 1.16D.

- What is F centres in a lattice? Give examples of metal deficient lattice defects.
- iii) Boiling points of H₂, D₂, T₂ respectively are 20, 23 and 25 K. Explain.

4+4+2