U.G. 6th Semester Examination-2022 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE [HONOURS]

Course Code: ENVS-H-CC-L-13 (Environmental Legislation and Policy)

Full Marks : 40 Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

- 1. Answer any **five** of the following: $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - a) What is meant by environmental pollution?
 - b) Define environmental standard.
 - c) What is ecolabelling?
 - d) What are the consequences of fouling water of public spring under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
 - e) Write down the conditions to apply while granting bail to any person accused of, any offence relating to Schedule I or Part II of Schedule II under Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.

- f) What is clean development mechanism?
- by government analysts under the Environment Protection Act, 1986?
- h) What are the consequences of failure to comply with directions under The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981?
- 2. Answer any **two** of the following: $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - a) Mention Central or Union list, State list and Concurrent list of Indian Constitution.
 - b) Discuss the relationship between fundamental rights and environment.
 - c) State the role of central and state pollution control board in environmental policy making.
 - d) Write a short note on legislative instruments for the protection of rights of traditional forest dwellers
- 3. Answer any **two** of the following: $10 \times 2 = 20$
 - a) What is Public Interest Litigation (PIL)? How PIL can be used as a tool for the protection of environment? Discuss the role of 42nd amendment of Indian Constitution in environmental protection. 2+3+5=10

- b) Define wetland. Discuss different aspects of international efforts with special reference to conservation of wetlands. How do the traditional people derive benefits from wetland ecosystem services? 2+4+4=10
- c) What is National Green Tribunal? State the main objectives of national green tribunal. Enumerate the major directives of Hon'ble Supreme Court in M. C. Mehta vs. Union of India 1988 AIR 1115. 2+4+4=10
- d) What are the objectives of Environment Protection Act, 1986? Why Environment Protection Act, 1986 is known as umbrella act? Discuss the restrictions on new outlets and discharges from industries as per The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.
